RECEIVED LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR

2008 JUL -2 AH 10:51

OFFICIAL FILE COPY DO NOT SEND OUT

(Xerox necessary copies from this copy and PLACE BACK in FILE)

# SIXTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT INDIGENT DEFENDER FUND

Parishes of Iberia, St. Martin and St. Mary State of Louisiana

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

and

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. Acopy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date

# CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
FINANCIAL INFORMATION SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities	3 4
Fund Financial Statements Governmental Fund Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual	5 6
Notes to the Financial Statements	7-15
INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS	
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>	16-17
Schedule of Findings, Questioned Costs, and Federal Awards	18-19
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings and	20

# PITTS & MATTE

a corporation of certified public accountants



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mr. Craig Colwart, District Public Defender Sixteenth Judicial District Indigent Defender Fund Franklin, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund (including the budgetary comparison) of the Sixteenth Judicial District Indigent Defender Fund as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007 which collectively comprise the Fund's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Sixteenth Judicial District Indigent Defender Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Sixteenth Judicial District Indigent Defender Fund, as of December 31, 2007 and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Fund has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated June 27, 2008, on our consideration of the Sixteenth Judicial District Indigent Defender Fund's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contract, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

the & Matte

June 27, 2008

# Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2007

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 584,210	
Revenue receivables		
Court costs	112,163	
Fees from indigents		
Current (less allowance of \$65,000)	27,975	
Total current assets	724,348	
Noncurrent assets		
Fees from indigents		
Noncurrent (less allowance of \$319,000)	137,362	
Capital assets		
Equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	38,015	
Total assets	\$ 899,725	
LIABILITIES and NET ASSETS		
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 7,321	
Payroll related payables	4,649	
Total current liabilities	11,970	
Noncurrent liabilities		
Compensated absences	26,000	
Deferred revenue	<u>261,941</u>	
Total noncurrent liabilities	287,941	
Total liabilities	299,911	
Net assets		
Invested in capital assets	38,015	
Unrestricted	561,799	
Total net assets	599,814	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 899,725	

# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Total
<u>Expenses</u>		
Current:		
General government		
Judicial:		
Defending attorney's fees	\$	531,548
Salaries		579,156
Taxes-payroll		43,033
Professional fees		41,874
Office supplies and expense		19,604
Telephone		14,805
Rent & Utilities		39,328
Equipment rental		7,903
Travel and meetings		27,519
insurance		88,878
Maintenance		10,340
Dues & subscriptions		15,506
Court costs		5,009
Bonds		635
Pension expense		12,913
Contract services		8,031
Depreciation expense		29,298
Total program expenses		1,475,380
Program revenues		
Court costs		
District courts		715,992
City courts		297,561
Net fees from indigents		38,677
Application fees from indigents		45,524
Total program revenues	1	,097,754
Net program expenses		(377,626)
General revenues		
District assistance funds		261,642
Investment income		8,475
Total general revenues	_	270,117
gg		<u> </u>
Change in net assets		(107,509)
Net assets-beginning of year		707,323
Net assets-end of year	\$	599,814

# Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund December 31, 2007

	General Fund
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Revenue receivable:	\$ 584,210
Court costs Fees from indigents	112,163
Current (less allowance of \$65,000)  Noncurrent (less allowance of \$319,000)	27,975 137,362
Total assets	<b>\$</b> 861,710
LIABILITIES, EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable Payroll related payables	\$ 7,321 4,649
Total current liabilities	11,970
Noncurrent liabilities Deferred revenue	261,941
Total noncurrent liabilities	261,941
Fund balances: Fund Balance	
Unreserved/undesignated	587,799
Total fund balance	587,799
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 861,710

Reconciliation of fund balance - governmental fund to the net assets of governmental activities:

Total fund balance - Governmental Fund	\$ 587,799
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund balance sheet	38,015
Noncurrent liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, they are not reported in governmental fund balance sheet:  Compensated absences	 (26,000)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 599,814

### GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Revenues	Original & Final <u>Budget</u> <u>Actual</u>		Variance Favorable <u>(Unfavorable)</u>		
Court costs					
District courts	\$ 665,00	o	715,992	\$	50,992
City courts	282,00		297,561	7	15,561
Net fees from indigents	36,00		38,677		2,677
District Assistance Funds	375,00		261,642		(113,358)
Investment earnings	16,00		8,475		(7,525)
Application fees	36,00		45,524		9,524
Total revenues	1,410,00		1,367,871		(42,129)
Expenditures		_	<u>-</u>		
Current:					
General government:					
Judicial:					
Defending attorneys' fees	515,70	1	531,548		(15,848)
Salaries	570,000		569,156		844
Taxes - payroll	40,000		43,033		(3,033)
Professional fees	34,900		41,874		(6,974)
Office supplies and expense	13,500		19,604		(6,104)
Telephone	17,500		14,805		2,695
Rent & Utilities	40.300		39,328		972
Equipment rental	8,500		7,903		597
Travel and meetings	26,000		27,519		(1,519)
Insurance	84,000		88,878		(4,878)
Maintenance	5,100		10,340		(5,240)
Dues & subscriptions	8,500		15,506		(7,006)
Seminars	2,000		3,797		(1,797)
Court cost	800		1,212		(412)
Bonds	600	)	635		`(35)
Pension expense	10,600	)	12,913		(2,313)
Contract services	20,000	)	29,298		(9,298)
Capital outlay	2,000	)	28,691		(26,691)
Total expenditures	1,400,000	<u> </u>	1,486,040		(86,040)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	10,000	1	(118,169)		(128,169)
Fund balance, beginning of year		_	705,968		705,968
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 10,000	<u>\$</u>	587,799	<u>\$</u>	577,799

Reconciliation of the changes in fund balance governmental fund to the change in net assets of governmental activities:

Net change in fund balance-Governmental Fund

\$ (118,169)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$28,691) exceeded depreciation (\$8,031)

20,660

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds - increase in compensated absences

(10,000)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ (107,509)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2007

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Sixteenth Judicial District Indigent Defender (Fund) was established by the Louisiana Public Defender Act (Act) effective in August 2007. The purpose of the Fund is to provide legal defense for indigent persons who are charged with crimes. The Fund serves the parishes of Iberia, St. Martin, and St. Mary, Louisiana. The Act provides that the Fund operates under the direction and management of the District Public Defender.

Prior to passage of the Act, similar services were provided in the same geographic area by the Sixteenth Indigent Judicial District Indigent Defender Board (ID Board). The Act provides that the operations, duties and functions of providing indigent defender services to be transferred from the ID Board to the Fund. In addition, all assets and liabilities, of the ID Board were transferred to the Fund.

All operations, assets and liabilities of the ID Board have been assumed by the Fund during August of 2007. Because of this, for financial reporting purposes, all activities of the predecessor ID Board and the successor Fund, are reported by the Fund as if the transfer took place at the beginning of the year.

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

The Fund has not presented an MD & A that GASB has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

# A. Reporting Entity

This report includes all funds and account groups for which the Fund has financial accountability. Financial accountability is determined upon the basis of:

- a. Financial benefit or burden
- b. Appointment of a voting majority
- c. Imposition of will
- d. Fiscally dependent

Although the Fund is part of the state-wide public defender system (established by the Act and overseen by the Louisiana Public Defender Board), under the criteria as described above, the Fund operates independently and is considered an independent reporting entity with regard to the Louisiana Public Defender Board.

# B. Basic Financial Statements - Government-wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities which report all activities of the Fund as a whole. The government-wide presentation focuses primarily on the sustainability of the Fund as an entity and the change in the Fund's net assets resulting from the current year's activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues.

#### C. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Fund are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types". The following is a description of the fund utilized by the Fund.

#### Governmental Fund

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the only fund used by the Fund. The General Fund uses the current financial resources measurement focus. Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on its balance sheet. Its operating statement presents sources and uses of available resources during a given period.

#### D. Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

# Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the statement of net assets and the statement of activities present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

## Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (the Fund uses a sixty day period after year end).

# E. Revenues

The following is a summary of the Fund's recognition policies for its major revenue sources:

Court costs and bond forfeitures are recorded when collected by the various courts within the sixteenth judicial district.

Fees from indigents are recorded upon the receipt of a court order directing indigents to pay for services rendered. In most cases, these fees are scheduled by the court system to be paid over a period of time with initial payments frequently scheduled to begin in future periods. At the time indigents are directed to make payments to the Fund, receivables are recorded. Payments scheduled to be received in the current period (within the next twelve months), are recorded as revenue. Payments scheduled to be received subsequent to the current period are recorded as deferred revenue. At the time these deferred revenues are expected to be collected, the amounts recorded as deferred revenue are recognized as revenue. An allowance for uncollectible fees is estimated by the Fund based upon collection history.

Revenue from grants is recognized when the Fund has met the requirements of the grant. Grant funds received for which the Fund has not yet met the specified grant requirements are recorded as deferred revenues until such time as the grant requirements are met, then the amounts are recognized as revenues.

Investment earnings are generally recorded when earned since they are measurable and available.

# F. Budgets

The Fund adopts a budget for its General Fund.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Budgets are amended when necessary. Encumbrances are not recorded by the Fund.

#### G. Cash And Cash Equivalents

For financial statement purposes, cash and cash equivalents include demand deposits.

Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates market.

#### H. Fixed Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant, equipment (fixed assets) depends on whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

## **Government-wide Statements**

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All purchased fixed assets are valued at historical cost. Fixed assets are reported at their historical cost or estimated fair market value less their accumulated depreciation. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful life of the various assets. The Fund's fixed assets only consists of equipment and all are being depreciated over an estimated useful life of five years.

# **Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operation are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

# I. Compensated Absences

Employees earn vacation and sick leave annually at varying rates depending upon length of service.

Accrued compensated absences for the year ended 2007 is \$26,000.

# J. Equity Classifications

#### Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- a) Invested in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation.
- b) Restricted net assets consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributions, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c) Unrestricted net assets all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets"

# Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved. Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use.

## NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Fund does not have a formal investment policy related to interest rate risk (the risk of an investment decreasing in value due to increasing interest rates).

In addition, the Fund does not have a formal investment policy related to credit risk (including concentrations of credit). However the Fund does follow state law as to limitations on types of deposits as described below.

The Fund does not invest in any investments subject to foreign currency risk.

# NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

# Cash and cash equivalents

Under state law the Fund may deposit its funds with certain state and federally chartered financial institutions. These deposits are required to be insured or collateralized by the financial institutions.

At year end 2007 the carrying amount of the Fund's cash was \$584,210 and the bank balance was \$629,891 (\$152,314 was covered by FDIC insurance, and the remaining \$477,577, was collateralized with securities held by the financial institution, not in the Fund's name).

### NOTE 3 - FIXED ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2007, is as follows:

	Balance December 31, 2006	Additions	Reductions	Balance December 31, 2007
Capital assets: Equipment	\$ <u>82.719</u>	\$ <u>28,691</u>	\$( <u>8,707</u> )	\$ <u>102,703</u>
Total capital assets at historical costs	<u>82,719</u>	<u>28.691</u>	( <u>8.707</u> )	102.703
Less accumulated depreciation for Equipment Total accumulated depre-	( <u>65,364</u> )	( <u>8,031</u> )	<u>8,707</u>	( <u>64,688</u> )
ciation	( <u>65,364</u> )	( <u>8.031</u> )	<u>8.707</u>	( <u>64.688</u> )
Total capital assets, net	\$ <u>17,355</u>	\$( <u>20.660</u> )	=	\$ <u>38,015</u>

### NOTE 4 - PENSION PLAN

All employees participate in the federal Social Security System. The Fund is required to remit an amount to the Social Security Administration equal to the employees' contribution. The Fund does not guarantee any of the benefits granted by the Social Security System.

The Fund established a defined contribution pension plan administered by an insurance agent. This plan is a simple IRA.

# NOTE 4 - PENSION PLAN (continued)

Plan members may contribute up to a maximum of \$10,500 each annually and the Fund will match up to a maximum of three percent of the employees' salary. The Fund's actual contributions to the plan were \$12,913 for the year ended December 31, 2007, and the plan members actual contributions were \$22,877.

# NOTE 5 - NET FEES FROM INDIGENTS

The following is a summary of fees, other than application fees, from indigents and its associated adjustments for the year ended December 31, 2007:

Fees charged to indigents	\$134,085
Add: Change in deferred portion of fees	<u>64,235</u>
Subtotal	198,320
Less: Indigent receivables written off during the year	(59,643)
Increase in allowance for uncollectibles	(100,000)
Net fees from indigents	\$ <u>38.677</u>

## NOTE 6 - RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Fund is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft or damage to assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Fund has purchased commercial insurance to protect against most of these perils.

There were no significant reductions in insurance coverages from prior years.

### NOTE 7 - AMOUNTS CURRENTLY DUE FROM GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES

The following is a detail of amounts currently due from governmental entities at December 31, 2007:

St. Mary District Court	\$16,378
St. Martin District Court	39,175
Iberia District Court	13,416
Jeanerette City Court	700
New Iberia City Court	5,130
Breaux Bridge City Court	955
Morgan City City Court	24,891
Patterson City Court	8,085
16th Judicial District Attorney	593
St. Martinville City Court	1,960
St. Martin App. Fees	880
•	\$ <u>112,163</u>

# **NOTE 8 - CONCENTRATIONS**

Revenues:

The Fund received sixty-eight percent of its revenues from various courts in the area in the form of court costs. Forty-eight percent is collected from district courts and twenty percent from city courts.

# NOTE 9 - GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

For the year ended December 31, 2007, the major sources of governmental fund revenues and expenditures were as follows:

Revenues:	
State Government	
Appropriations - general	\$101,221
Appropriations - special	
Revenue sharing	
Grants (\$285,000 less \$124,579	
deferred revenue)	160,421
On-behalf payments	
Other	<del></del>
Total	261,642
Local Government	
Appropriations - general	
Appropriations - special	_
Grants	_
Statutory fines, forfeitures, fees, court	
Courts, and other	1,013,553
Taxes - millages, sales, special, and other	
Criminal court fund	
On-behalf payments	
Other	
Total	1,013,553
	1,010,000
Federal Government	
Grants - direct	
Grants - indirect (passed-through state)	
Total	
Other Grants and Contributions	
Non-profit organizations	
Private organizations	
Corporate	·
Other	
Total	-
Charges for Services	84,201
Investment earnings	8,475
Miscellaneous	
Total Revenues	\$ <u>1,367,871</u>

# NOTE 9 - GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES (continued)

# Expenditures:

Personnel Services and Benefits Salaries On-behalf payments - salaries	\$569,156 
Retirement contributions	12,913
On-behalf payments - retirement Insurance	61,567
On-behalf payments - insurance Payroll taxes	43,033
Other Total	<u>686,669</u>
Professional Development	
Dues, licenses, and registrations Travel	12,426
Other	-
Total	12,426
Operating Costs	
Library and research	6,877
Contract services - attorney/legal	531,548
Contract services - other Lease - office	29,298 27,140
Lease - onice Lease - autos and other	27,140
Travel - transportation	27,519
Travel - other	,,,,,,,
Insurance	27,311
Supplies	19, <b>604</b>
Repairs and maintenance	10,340
Utilities and telephone	26,992
Other	<u>51,625</u>
Total	<u>751,377</u>
Debt Service	-
Capital outlay	<u> 28,691</u>
Total Expenditures	\$ <u>1,486,040</u>

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS SECTION

# PITTS & MATTE

a corporation of certified public accountants



# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mr. Craig Colwart, District Public Defender Sixteenth Judicial District Indigent Defender Fund Franklin, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund (including the budgetary comparison) of the Sixteenth Judicial District Indigent Defender Fund, as of December 31, 2007, which collectively comprise the Sixteenth Judicial District Indigent Defender Fund's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2008, which contains an additional paragraph. The paragraph notes that management elected to omit Management's Discussion and Analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Sixteenth Judicial District Indigent Defender Fund's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sixteenth Judicial District Indigent Defender Fund's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sixteenth Judicial District Indigent Defender Fund's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Sixteenth Judicial District Indigent Defender Fund's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Sixteenth Judicial District Indigent Defender Fund's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Sixteenth Judicial District Indigent Defender Fund's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Sixteenth Judicial District Indigent Defender Fund's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

# Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Sixteenth Judicial District Indigent Defender Fund's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2007-1.

The Fund's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the Fund's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information of management of the Fund and the Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is considered a public record and may be distributed by the Legislative Auditor.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Mes & Matte

# Schedule of Findings, Questioned Costs, and Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

# A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT FINDINGS

- 1. The auditors' report expressed an unqualified opinion on the financial statement of the Sixteenth Judicial District Indigent Defender Fund.
- 2. Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Material to the Financial Statements

# Internal Control over financial reporting

No findings are required to be reported for the year ended December 31, 2007.

## Compliance

There was one instance of noncompliance noted during the audit of the financial statements.

### 3. Federal Awards

This section is not applicable for the year ended December 31, 2007.

# 4. Management Letter

No letter was issued.

#### B. FINDINGS FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

# NONCOMPLIANCE

ITEM NO. 2007-1 Budget Monitoring

#### Auditors' Comments

<u>Condition</u>: During the course of the audit for the year ended December 31, 2007, it was noted the Fund failed to amend the General Fund budget although actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures by more than five percent.

<u>Criteria</u>: State Statute requires that budgets be amended when certain conditions exist.

<u>Effect</u>: Failure to amend budgets to recognize anticipated shortfalls or surpluses in funds prevents the governmental body from effectively curtailing or expanding projects and/or services in accordance with actual available resources.

<u>Cause</u>: Although the cause of the above condition was not fully determined the following appears to have a significant effect. Although the Fund makes accruals for payables and receivables at year end, adjustments are not made in the interim period. When significant differences exist between payables and receivables from year to year, the amount of funds that appear to be available or costs that appear to have been incurred can be distorted. Failure to recognize the effect of these differences can lead to variances between budgeted and actual activity.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The Fund should fine tune its ongoing budget monitoring program to periodically consider accruals for major revenues and expenditures and make budget amendments when needed.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Budget variances will continue to be monitored periodically and budget adjustments will be made to the Fund when variances exceed the percentages as specified in state statute.

#### C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAMS

This section is not applicable for the year ended December 31, 2007.

# SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RELATED CORRECTIVE ACTION PREPARED BY SIXTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT INDIGENT DEFENDER FUND

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Internal Control and Compliance

There were no findings in the prior year.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO FEDERAL AWARDS

This section is not applicable.

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Finding 2006-ML

This condition is not longer present.